# Comparative Study of Body Composition between City and Rural Area Boys in Gandhinagar

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## Abstract

The purpose of this study was to compare the Body Composition of Gandhinagar City and Rural Boys. Thirty boys of Gandhinagar City and thirty boys from rural institutions of Gandhinagar District were selected randomly for the study. Weight (Kg), Body Mass Index, Fat (%), Fat Mass, Total Body Water was measured by standard techniques as described by *Weiner & Lourie* (1969). The study revealed that the city and rural boys of Gandhi Nagar do not demonstrate significant differences in their body composition.

Keywords: Rural, City, Boys, BMI, Body compostion, Weight, total Body Water

## Introduction

Considerable changes are taking place in the India's' children in urbanconditions greatly rural and have impacted the social and biological transformation of populations. urbanization process, however, occurs under different circumstances among countries (Valladares and Coelho, 1993). distinguished Living in areas population size can be linked with differences in eating habits, right of entry to sport facilities, sanitation and health services and opportunities for physical activities (Tsimeas et al, 2005). Urban and rural environmental differences in growth of children have come into spotlight of interest in the last years. There are numerous studies which have reported contradictory evidences in samples from various countries and cutures and with various age ranges. Bielicki (1986) and Eiben et al (2005) reported that within a specific country or cultural group in Europe, children who were living in urban areas have greater size than children in rural areas. while there were no

significant differences in the growth status in children who were living in urban and rural areas in United Stated and Canada (Malina et al, 1981; Eveleth & Tanner, 1990; Pena Reyes et al, 2003), Lin et al (1992) reported China's` children in urban-rural conditions. Data from Africa, also, revealed that urban-rural contrasts are evident in the growth and body size (Cameron et al, 1992; Pawloski, 2002).

Because the special situation of Gandhi Nagar district of Gujrat State in India, which has many rural populations near to urban areas, the present study was chosen to consider urban-rural differences in body composition in urban-rural communities.

The purpose of this study was to compare the Body Composition & fitness of Gandhinagar City and Rural Boys. Thirty boys of Gandhinagar City and thirty boys from rural institutions of Gandhinagar District were selected randomly for the the study. Weight (Kg), Body Mass Index, Fat (%), Fat Mass, Total Body Water was measured by

standard techniques as described by Weiner & Lourie (1969).

To compare the Body Composition Analysis of Gandhinagar City and Gandhinagar Rural Boys "t" test was applied.

# **Results & Discussion**

Table 1 gives the statistical comparison of weight, BMI, fat %, fat mass & TBW of City & Rural boys of Gandhinagar.

Table 1: Statistical comparison of weight, BMI, fat %, fat mass & TBW of City & Rural boys of Gandhinagar

Sr	Event	City	Rural	Mean	" T "
No.		Boys	Boys	Difference	Ratio
1	Weight, kg	41	40.09	0.91	0.5
2	BMI	16.44	17.15	0.71	0.54
3	Fat %	8.59	11.43	2.84	1.95
4	Fat Mas, kg	3.75	4.81	1.06	1.43
5	TBW	27.3	25.9	1.40	1.47

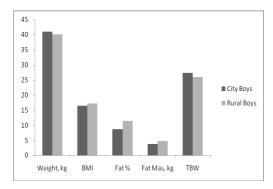


Figure 1: Comparison of weight, BMI, fat %, fat mass & TBW of City & Rural boys of Gandhinagar

On an average, the city boys were found to be heavier than the rural boys but the mean difference in body weight of the Gandhinagar City and Rural area boy was not found to be significant in statistical terms. Body mass index (BMI) reflects the relationship between adult weight and

height, and body composition are closely related and to determine body fat, thin, an important indicator of the degree. WHO recommends that adult body mass index (BMI) of the normal range of 18.5-25, less than 18.5 as malnutrition, more than 25 were overweight or obese. average BMI of the boys belonging to rural and city areas was less than 18 in the present study. In BMI, although the mean values were slightly greater in rural boys as compared to the city boys, but in statistical terms the difference is non significant. In the same manner non significant difference in fat%, fat mass and total body water was observed between the city and rural boys. In general, statistical analysis shows that, there exist non significant differences in body composition between Gandhinagar City and Rural Area School Boys.

### Conclusion

The city and rural boys of Gandhi Nagar do not demonstrate significant differences in their body composition.

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